

# World Bleeding Disorders Registry

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 17/10/2024

Data source

Human

Disease registry

## Administrative details

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#### PURI

<https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/48312>

#### Data source ID

48312

#### Data source acronym

World Bleeding Disorders Registry

#### Data holder

[World Federation of Hemophilia \(WFH\)](#)

#### Data source type

Disease registry

## Main financial support

Funding from industry or contract research

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## Care setting

Hospital inpatient care

Hospital outpatient care

Primary care – specialist level (e.g. paediatricians)

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## Data source qualification

If the data source has successfully undergone a formal qualification process (e.g., from the EMA, ISO or other certifications), this should be described.

No

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## Data source website

<https://wfh.org/research-and-data-collection/world-bleeding-disorders-registry/>

# Contact details

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# Data source regions and languages

## Data source countries

Algeria

Argentina

Bangladesh

Barbados

Belgium  
Bolivia, Plurinational State of  
Cameroon  
Cuba  
Czechia  
Côte d'Ivoire  
Egypt  
Ethiopia  
Ghana  
Guinea  
India  
Indonesia  
Iran, Islamic Republic of  
Iraq  
Japan  
Kenya  
Kyrgyzstan  
Madagascar  
Malawi  
Morocco  
Nepal  
New Zealand  
Nigeria  
Pakistan  
Panama  
Philippines  
Portugal  
Senegal  
Serbia  
South Africa

Sudan  
Syria  
Thailand  
Tunisia  
Uganda  
United States  
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of  
Viet Nam  
Zambia

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### **Data source languages**

English  
French  
Russian  
Spanish

## Data source establishment

### **Data source established**

01/01/2018

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### **Data source time span**

**First collection:** 26/01/2018

The date when data started to be collected or extracted.

## Publications

### Data source publications

[Coffin D, Herr C, O'Hara J, Diop S, Hollingsworth R, Srivastava A, LillicrapD, van den Berg HM, Iorio A, Pierce GF. World bleeding disorders registry: The pilot study. Haemophilia. 2018 May;24\(3\):e113-e116.](#)

## Data elements collected

The data source contains the following

## **Disease information**

Does the data source collect information with a focus on a specific disease? This might be a patient registry or other similar initiatives.

Yes

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## **Disease details**

Von Willebrand's disease

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## **Disease details (other)**

Hemophilia

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## **Rare diseases**

Are rare diseases captured? In the European Union a rare disease is one that affects no more than 5 people in 10,000.

Yes

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## **Pregnancy and/or neonates**

Does the data source collect information on pregnant women and/or neonatal subpopulation (under 28 days of age)?

Yes

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## **Hospital admission and/or discharge**

Yes

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## **ICU admission**

Is information on intensive care unit admission available?

No

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## **Cause of death**

Captured

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## **Cause of death vocabulary**

Not coded (Free text)

Other

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## **Cause of death vocabulary, other**

Bespoke list of options including common death reasons, and reasons seen in bleeding disorders patients.

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## **Prescriptions of medicines**

Captured

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## **Dispensing of medicines**

Not Captured

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## **Advanced therapy medicinal products (ATMP)**

Is information on advanced therapy medicinal products included? A medicinal product for human use that is either a gene therapy medicinal product, a somatic cell therapy product or a tissue engineered products as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1394/2007 [Reg (EC) No 1394/2007 Art 1(1)].

Yes

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## **Contraception**

Is information on the use of any type of contraception (oral, injectable, devices etc.) available?

No

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## **Indication for use**

Does the data source capture information on the therapeutic indication for the use of medicinal products?

Captured

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## **Indication vocabulary**

Other

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## **Indication vocabulary, other**

Hemophilia specific indication vocabulary

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## **Medical devices**

Is information on medicinal devices (e.g., pens, syringes, inhalers) available?

No

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## **Administration of vaccines**

No

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## **Procedures**

Does the data source capture information on procedures (e.g., diagnostic tests, therapeutic, surgical interventions)?

Captured

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## **Procedures vocabulary**

ICD-10

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## **Healthcare provider**

Is information on the person providing healthcare (e.g., physician, pharmacist, specialist) available?

The healthcare provider refers to individual health professionals or a health facility organisation licensed to provide health care diagnosis and treatment services including medication, surgery and medical devices.

No

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## **Clinical measurements**

Is information on clinical measurements (e.g., BMI, blood pressure, height) available?

Yes

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## **Genetic data**

Are data related to genotyping, genome sequencing available?

Captured

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### **Genetic data vocabulary**

Other

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### **Genetic data vocabulary, other**

Bespoke list of options including types of genetic mutations.

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### **Biomarker data**

Does the data source capture biomarker information? The term “biomarker” refers to a broad subcategory of medical signs ( objective indications of medical state observed from outside the patient), which can be measured accurately and reproducibly. For example, haematological assays, infectious disease markers or metabolomic biomarkers.

Not Captured

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### **Patient-reported outcomes**

Is information on patient-reported outcomes (e.g., quality of life) available?

Yes

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### **Patient-generated data**

Is patient-generated information (e.g., from wearable devices) available?

Yes

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### **Units of healthcare utilisation**

Are units of healthcare utilisation (e.g., number of visits to GP per year, number of hospital days) available or can they be derived? Units of healthcare utilisation refer to the quantification of the use of services for the purpose of preventing or curing health problems.

Yes

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### **Unique identifier for persons**



Are patients uniquely identified in the data source?

Yes

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### **Diagnostic codes**

Captured

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### **Diagnosis / medical event vocabulary**

ICD-10

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### **Medicinal product information**

Captured

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### **Medicinal product information collected**

Brand name

Dosage regime

Dose

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### **Medicinal product vocabulary**

Other

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### **If 'other,' what vocabulary is used?**

All hemophilia products are provided in a dropdown list, which is based on the WFH CFC Registry.

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### **Quality of life measurements**

Captured

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### **Quality of life measurements vocabulary**

EQ5D

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## **Lifestyle factors**

Not Captured

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## **Sociodemographic information**

Captured

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## **Sociodemographic information collected**

Age

Country of origin

Gender

Marital status

Socioeconomic status

## Quantitative descriptors

## Population Qualitative Data

### **Population age groups**

Paediatric Population (< 18 years)

Preterm newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Term newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days – 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Elderly ( $\geq$  65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)  
Adults (75 to < 85 years)  
Adults (85 years and over)

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**Estimated percentage of the population covered by the data source in the catchment area**

11% (average percentage based on available disease population data collected though the WFH Annual Global Survey from 43 countries in 2021)

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**Description of the population covered by the data source in the catchment area whose data are not collected (e.g., people who are registered only for private care)**

Regional sub-set - We currently have 115 treatment centres from 44 countries, data is not national

## Population

**Population size**

12857

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**Active population size**

12743

## Population by age group

Age group	Population size	Active population size
Paediatric Population (< 18 years)	5369	5354

Age group	Population size	Active population size
Preterm newborn infants (0 - 27 days)	0	0
Term newborn infants (0 - 27 days)	0	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)	152	152
Children (2 to < 12 years)	3081	3071
Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)	2136	2131
Adults (18 to < 46 years)	6816	5782
Adults (46 to < 65 years)	970	958
Elderly ( $\geq$ 65 years)	305	283
Adults (65 to < 75 years)	230	216
Adults (75 to < 85 years)	62	58
Adults (85 years and over)	13	9

## Median observation time

**Median time (years) between first and last available records for unique individuals captured in the data source**

1.00

**Median time (years) between first and last available records for unique active individuals (alive and currently registered) capt**

1.00

## Data flows and management

## Access and validation

## **Governance details**

Documents or webpages that describe the overall governance of the data source and processes and procedures for data capture and management, data quality check and validation results (governing data access or utilisation for research purposes).

<https://wfh.org/research-and-data-collection/world-bleeding-disorders-registry/>

## **Biospecimen access**

Are biospecimens available in the data source (e.g., tissue samples)?

No

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## **Access to subject details**

Can individual patients/practitioners/practices included in the data source be contacted?

No

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## **Description of data collection**

Online custom-made database where each participating site has their private portal and access to their site's data only.

# Event triggering registration

## **Event triggering registration of a person in the data source**

Disease diagnosis

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## **Event triggering de-registration of a person in the data source**

Loss to follow up

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## **Event triggering creation of a record in the data source**

Treatment, medical consultation, regular follow up visits

# Data source linkage

## Linkage

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources (prelinked data source) and/or can the data source be linked to other data source on an ad-hoc basis?

Yes

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### Linkage description, pre-linked

Deterministic data linkage method for both linkages. All data is de-identified.

Each patient is identified through a unique patient identifier, which is developed through a cryptogenic hashing process, if the same cryptogenic hashing process is applied to data from another database, the 2 databases can be linked, while keeping data de-identified.

## Linked data sources

### Pre linked

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources?

Yes

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### Data source, other

Czechia National Hemophilia Program (CNHP) Registry - Czechia

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### Linkage strategy

Deterministic

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### Linkage variable

Unique patient identifier

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**Linkage completeness**

All mapped data and core dataset are collected annually from each national registry.

**Pre linked**

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources?

Yes

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**Data source, other**

Hereditary Bleeding Disorders Registry (HBDR) of the Thai Society of Hematology (TSH) - Thailand

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**Linkage strategy**

Deterministic

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**Linkage variable**

Unique patient identifier

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**Linkage completeness**

All mapped data and core dataset are collected annually from each national registry.

## Data management specifications that apply for the data source

**Data source refresh**

Every 6 months

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## **Informed consent for use of data for research**

Required for general use

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## **Possibility of data validation**

Can validity of the data in the data source be verified (e.g., access to original medical charts)?

Yes

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## **Data source preservation**

Are records preserved in the data source indefinitely?

Yes

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## **Approval for publication**

Is an approval needed for publishing the results of a study using the data source?

Yes

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## **Data source last refresh**

15/11/2022

# **Common Data Model (CDM) mapping**

## **CDM mapping**

Has the data source been converted (ETL-ed) to a common data model?

No